PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

By John I. Scull. FRIDAY, January 30, 1818. Volume 33.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED ON
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
By JOHN I. SCULL,
Corner of Front and Ferry streets.

CONDITIONS.

THREE DOLLARS a year, paid half yearly in advance—or THREE DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS, at the end of the year.

If the Subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the expiration of the year, it will be considered a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted in a neat and conspicuous form, at One Dollar per square for the first three insersions, and twenty five cents for each continuance.

M'Dermott & Bartram,

AT THEIR WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE
IS MARKET STREET, NEXT DOOR TO THE CORNER OF SECOND STREET, PITTSBURGH.

Have always on hand a large and general assortment of

GROCERIES, WINES. & LIQUORS,

Which they will sell on the most accommodating terms, being regularly supplied from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and have always on hand the following articles:

Gunpowder, Imperial, Young-hyson, Hyson, Hyson Skin, Souchong — TEAS of the first quality.
Prime Green Coffee, in bags & bbls.
Common ditto
Spanish flotant & Bengal Indigo,
Loaf & Lump Sugar,
Muscavado ditto
Spanish Segars.
Common ditto
Rice
Copperas,
English refined Salt Petre.
Brimstone
Allum
Madder
Cinnamon
Cloves
Nutmegs
Allspice
Mace
Ginger
Pepper
Mustard
Madeira, Teneriffe, Lisbon — WINES of a superior quality.
4th proof Cogniac Brandy
Ditto Jam. Spirits
Holland Gin
Country ditto
Whiskey
Pittsbg. & Kentuck manufac. Tobacco.

N. B. All kinds of Country produce taken in exchange for goods.

2w 3m

Fashionable Boot and Shoe Maker.

HUGH RICE just from Baltimore, has removed to the shop formerly occupied by John Patterson, watchmaker, second door from Wood-street, in Diamond-ally, between Market and Wood streets, where he keeps on hand a handsome selection of

BOOTS & SHOES

of all sizes, made of the best materials and elegance of workmanship. Warranted water proof, boots and shoes made to measure, all orders in his line thankfully received and strictly attended to.

N. B, He will repair without reserve all boots and shoes which may be sent to him.

Two first rate workmen wanted immediately as above, to such, constant employment and prompt pay.

HUGH RICE.

Pittsburgh, December 30, 1817.

Late Importation.

WM. HILL,

AT HIS WHOLESALE WARE-HOUSE, OPPOSITE KERR'S HOTEL, IN MARKET-STREET, HAS JUST RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING FRESH GOODS, OF HIS OWN IMPORTATION, VIZ.

30 ps. olive velvet
30 blk. do.
30 Olive Genoa cords
30 4-4 and 6-4 cotton checks
30 Cotton tickings
30 Printed marseilles waistcoating
40 Blk. and fancy colored bombazetts
50 Superfine undress'd prints
50 Do. dress'd do.
50 Superfine plate do.
50 4-4 a 6-4 cambrics
50 7-8 a 9-8 shirtings
40 Fancy ginghams
40 Dimities
16 4-4 a 6-4 cotton shawls
50 Doz. 3-4 a 4-4 Madrass hdkfs.
1 Case 180 doz. oz. thread
1 Do. 254 doz. Holland tape & bobbins
1 Do. 200 packs, No. 4, 4 1-2 & 5 pins
30 M. Best white chappel sharps assorted
100 Doz. Ivory Combs
100 Doz. Horn Combs
30 lb. best black cloth sewings
50 Do. blue do. do.
40 Do silk twist assorted
36 Doz. mens' white & colored C. half hose
30 Womens' white cotton do.

The above goods were purchased in England, to particular order, by a person of experience, and came out at prime cost. They are now offered for sale on accommodating terms, at the Philadelphia *ps.* prices, with the addition of transportation only.

W. H. Has also a large and well assorted stock at his retail store, S. E. corner of Market and Fourth-streets.

Pittsburgh, June 27.——2awtf

FRESH GOODS.

LEDLIE & MOORE,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED, AND ARE NOW OPENING IN THE STORE LATELY OCCUPIED BY JOHNSTON & M'CLELLAND, IN MARKET, BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH STREETS,

An extensive and general assortment of

DRY GOODS &c.

PARTLY CONSISTING OF THE FOLLOWING: VIZ.

SUPERFINE & FINE CLOTHS & CASSIMERES.
Ladies superfine pelisse Cloths—Olive, brown and bottle-green
Kerseymoleskins, and Coatings,
Flannels and Blankets,
Black and olive Velvets and Genoa Cord.
Bombazetts, Rattinetts, and Bombazenes,
Silk and cotton Hosiery,
Lambs wool and worsted ditto,
Superfine dress and undress Prints,
Ditto Furniture ditto
Cambrick, Lawn, Irish Linnen,
Domestic British and India Muslins,
British and steam loom Shirting.
Domestic Plaids and Chambrays,
7-8, 4-4, and 5-4 Bed Tickings,
Bandanna and Flag Hkfs.
Black and coloured canton ditto,
Florentine and Canton crapes,
Levantine, Senshaw and Florence Silks,
4-4 and 6 4 Cambric Mull Mull,
Jaconet and book Muslins,
4-4 and 6-4 Cambric Ginghams,
Dimities 4 4, 6-4, and 8-4,
Silk and Cotton Shawls,

1 Case Fashionable Straw Bonnets,

Ladies coloured and black Morrocco and Kid Shoes,
Mens coarse and fine ditto,
Childrens Morrocco Bootees and Shoes,
Ditto Leather ditto

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF GILT AND MAHOGANY FRAME
LOOKING GLASSES, TEA TRAYS, &c.

IMPERIAL & YOUNG HYSON TEAS,
COFFEE, SUGAR, etc.
50 boxes first quality SPANISH CIGARS.
30 KEGS PRIME KENTUCKY TOBACCO,
40 boxes 8 by 10 WINDOW GLASS,
SHOT, from No. 1 to 8,

TOGETHER WITH AN EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT OF

HARD-WARE & QUEENS-WARE.

All of which they offer *WHOLESALE* and *RETAIL*, at the most reduced prices, for CASH, Country Produce, or approved Acceptances.

Pittsburgh, January 16, 1818.——2atf

Grand State Lottery.

For the Improvement of Internal Navigation,

FIFTH CLASS

SOLOMON ALLEN, MANAGER.

100 Prizes of $1000 equal to $100,000,

ALL FLOATING IN THE WHEEL.

1 3-4 Blanks to a Prize.....30 days drawing only.

SCHEME.

100	Prizes	$1000	$100000
1		50000	50000
1		20000	20000
1		10000	10000
3		5000	15000
30		500	15000
100		100	10000
5000		25	125000
5236	Prizes.		$345000
9764	Blanks.		
15000	Tickets.		

First drawn FOUR THOUSAND BLANKS will be entitled to 25 Dollars each.

First drawn first day	$5000	First drawn fifteenth day	$10,000
First drawn fifth day	5000	First drawn twentieth day	20,000
First drawn tenth day	5000	First drawn twenty-fifth day	50,000

Will commence drawing in March, 1818.

All Prizes payable in GOLD, sixty days after the completion of the drawing at the

BANK OF THE UNITED STATES.

Whole tickets,	$25 00	Quarters,	$6 25
Halves,	12 50	Eighths,	3 12

FOR SALE AT

ALLENS'

Truly Lucky Lottery Offices, No. 1, Diamond Row,

PITTSBURGH

No. 122, Broadway, New-York,
No. 151, Market street, Baltimore,
No. 2, Sonth Third street, Philadelphia
No. 449, S. Market street, Albany.

One great advantage possessed by this brilliant Scheme over others, is, that for one third of the drawing tickets may be held without any chance of loseing, as the first 4000 blanks will be entitled to 25 Dollars each and all the Prizes of 1000 Dollars and 500 are floating in the wheel. It will be observed, that the tickets are only 25 DOLLARS each, one half the price, of those in the BALTIMORE SURGICAL LOTTERY, and instead of giving the $100,000 to one adventurer, it is divided into ONE HUNDRED prizes of $1000 each.

Prizes in the fourth class, & in the Baltimore New-York & Lotteries received in payment for tickets

Missing,

FOUR, 10 CATTY BOXES GUNPOWDER TEA, Strapped together and covered with linnen—Marked — R. S. BARR—PARIS, KEN.—Weighing 71 lbs. gross.

Any information respecting them will be thankfully received by

ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, Jannary 20, 1818.

Caution.

THE public are hereby cautioned not to receive any assignment of a receipt of the subscribers, dated the 3d instant, for Fifty one kegs of NAILS, and made payable to

James Hutchinson,

or order—as the nails will be delivered only to the rightful owner.

T. G. LEA & Co.

Pittsburgh, January 20, 1818,

Wanted,

AN apprentice to the mercantile business. A lad from 14 to 16 years of age, of tolerable education, respectable connexions and unquestionable moral character.

Apply to

WILLIAM HILL.
opposite Kerr'sHotel.

December 30, 1817

TO LET,

The Valuable Ferry & Tavern,

ON the Allegheny river in this city, now in the tenure of Mr John Davis.—Possession given on the first of April next.

For terms apply to

W. ROBINSON or
IRWIN WALLACE

Pittsburgh, January 9, 1818 ——3

WILLIAM HILL,

Will receive at par the paper of the following BANKS, for MERCHANDIZE,

WOOSTER,
CANTON,
CLEAVELAND,
SMITHFIELD,
NEW-PHILADELPHIA,
PERRYOPOLIS,
CONNELLSVILLE,
WILKESBARRE.

Pittsburgh, December 10, 1817.

Charles B. Goddard,

ATTORNEY AT LAW
ZANESVILLE, OHIO.

January 16, 1818.——6

LIVERY STABLE.

(Wood street, between Diamond alley & Fifth-st)

George Steward,

RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of this city and its vicinity, that he has opened a *Livery Stable*, where he intends to carry it on in a manner calculated to do justice to himself and accommodate all others who may please to give him a call, having altered his stable expressly for the purpose, which is inferior to none in the place. He also intends to keep good riding horses to hire—calculated for journeys of any length. Having procured careful managers to superintend the business, he will be enabled to give general satisfaction.

Good saddles and bridles in every case shall be furnished, necessary for the comfort of the rider—when thus caparisoned it is presumed that justice will be done to horses, so justly their due.

Terms of hire and other affairs relative to the establishment, made known at the time of hiring.

He has also laid in an excellent quantity of oats and hay, and feed of every description.

Gentlemen committing horses to his care, may rest assured of unremitting attention in every particular.

Pittsburgh, November 28, 1817——2atf

Foster and Doane,

—HAVE FOR SALE,
47 bbls. Lake white Fish,
12 ditto Mess Pork,
60 kegs excellent Kentucky Tobacco,
Half and quarter casks L. P. Tenneriffe WINE,
Barrels New Orleans Sugar,
Ditto Loaf-sugar and Coffee,
Ditto Tanners Oil,
Chests Young Hyson Tea,
Kegs Pepper, Allspice, Indigo, and Copperas
Boxes double and X Tin,
15 Dozen Children's Morrocco Hats.
An Invoice of Awl-Blades,

—Also—

Rosin Soap—Lead—Drawing-chains—Window-Glass, etc.

TO BE LET,

The WAREHOUSE they now occupy, in Wood street, having every convenience for the storage of goods,

Pittsburgh, December 23, 1817——2a 3m

JOHN RENO,

Has just received a large assortment of

Groceries and Liquors,

which he will sell at a moderate advance for *Cash or approved Acceptances*

Pittsburgh, December 23, 1817.—— 2tf

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

By John I. Scull. No. 53.

Friday, January 30, 1818.

ANECDOTE OF COLTER,

One of Lewis and Clarke's party--his narrow escape. From Bradbury's travels in the interior of America, in 1809, 1810, and 1811.

THE treatment experienced by Colter is to be ascribed to the circumstance of his having spent some time among the Crow Indians, a tribe at enmity with the Blackfeet nation, and accompanying them in one of their attacks upon the latter,—his participation in this affair did not escape the retentive recollection of Indian memory, and when he came amongst the Blackfeet, his safety depended on secretion.

The hostility of the Blackfeet Indians in this case may be traced moreover to the circumstance of one of them having been killed by Lewis. They are on the whole, a peaceable tribe, now friendly to the United States, but like the rest, observe the *lex talionis*. They inhabit a part remote from the white settlements, on the head waters of the Missouri. *Analectic Mag.*

"This man came to St. Louis in May, 1810, in a small canoe, from the head waters of the Missouri, a distance of three thousand miles, which he traversed in 30 days; I saw him on his arrival, and received from him an account of his adventures after he had separated from Lewis and Clarke's party: one of these, from its singularity, I shall relate. On the arrival of the party on the head waters of the Missouri, Colter, observing the appearance of abundance of beaver being there, he got permission to remain and hunt for some time, which he did in company with a man of the name of Dixon, who had traversed the immense tract of country from St. Louis to the head waters of the Missouri alone.—Soon after he separated from Dixon and *trapped* in company with a hunter named Potts: and aware of the hostility of the Blackfeet Indians, one of whom had been killed by Lewis, they set their traps at night, and took them up early in the morning, remaining concealed during the day. They were examining their traps early one morning, in a creek about six miles from that branch of the Missouri called Jefferson's Fork, and were ascending in a canoe, when they suddenly heard a great noise, resembling the trampling of animals; but they could not ascertain the fact, as the high perpendicular banks on each side of the river impeded their view. Colter immediately pronounced it to be occasioned by Indians, and advised an instant retreat, but was accused of cowardice by Potts, who insisted that the noise was caused by buffalo, and they proceeded on. In a few minutes afterwards their doubts were removed, by a party of Indians making their appearance on both sides of the creek, to the amount of five or six hundred, who beckoned them to come ashore. As retreat was now impossible, Colter turned the head of the canoe to the shore; and at the moment of its touching, an Indian seized the rifle belonging to Potts; but Colter, who is a remarkably strong man, immediately retook it, and handed it to Potts, who remained in the canoe, and on receiving it pushed off into the river. He had scarcely quitted the shore when an arrow was shot at him, and he cried out, "*Colter, I am wounded.*" Colter remonstrated with him on the folly of attempting to escape, and urged him to come ashore. Instead of complying, he instantly levelled his rifle at an Indian, and shot him dead on the spot. This conduct, situated as he was, may appear to have been an act of madness; but it was doubtless the effect of sudden, but sound reasoning; for if taken alive, he must have expected to be tortured to death, according to their custom. He was instantly pierced with arrows so numerous, that, to use the language of Colter, "*he was made a riddle of.*" They now seized Colter, stripped him entirely naked, and began to consult on the manner in which he should be put to death. They were first inclined to set him up as a mark to shoot at; but the chief interfered, and seizing him by the shoulder, asked him if he could run fast? Colter, who had been some time amongst the Keekat-sa, or Crow Indians, had in a considerable degree acquired the Blackfoot language, and was also well acquainted with Indian customs, he knew that he had now to run for his life, with the dreadful odds of five or six hundred against him, and those armed Indians; therefore cunningly replied that he was a very bad runner, although he was considered by the hunters as remarkably swift.—The chief now commanded the party to remain stationary, and led Colter out on the prairie three or four hundred yards, and released him, bidding him *to save himself if he could.* At that instant the horrid war whoop was sounded in the ears of poor Colter, who, urged with the hope of preserving life, ran with a speed at which he was himself surprised. He proceeded towards the Jefferson Fork, having to traverse a plain six miles in breadth, abounding with the prickly pear, on which he was every instant treading with his naked feet. He ran nearly halfway across the plain before he ventured to look over his shoulder, when he perceived that the Indians were very much scattered, and that he had gained ground to a considerable distance from the main body; but one Indian, who carried a spear, was much before all the rest, and not more than a hundred yards from him. A faint gleam of hope now cheered the heart of Colter; he derived confidence from the belief that escape was within the bounds of possibility, but that confidence was nearly fatal to him, for he exerted himself to such a degree, that the blood gushed from his nostrils, and soon almost covered the fore part of his body. He had now arrived within a mile of the river, when he distinctly heard the appalling sound of footsteps behind him, and every instant expected to feel the spear of his pursuer. Again he turned his head, and saw the savage not twenty yards from him. Determined if possible to avoid the expected blow, he suddenly stopped, turned round, and spread out his arms,—The Indian, surprised by the suddenness of the action, and perhaps at the bloody appearance of Colter, also attempted to stop, but exhausted with running, he fell whilst endeavouring to throw his spear, which stuck in the ground, and broke in his hand. Colter instantly snatched up the pointed part, with which he pinned him to the earth, and then continued his flight. The foremost of the Indians, on arriving at the place, stopped till others came up to join them, when they set up a hideous yell.—Every moment of this time was improved by Colter, who, although fainting and exhausted, succeeded in gaining the skirting of the cotton wood trees, on the borders of the fork, through which he ran, and plunged into the river. Fortunately for him, a little below this place there was an island, against the upper point of which a raft of drift timber had lodged, he dived under the raft, and after several efforts, got his head above water amongst the trunks of trees, covered over with smaller wood to the depth of several feet. Scarcely had he secured himself, when the Indians arrived on the river, screeching and yelling, as Colter expressed it, "like so many devils." They were frequently on the raft during the day, and were seen through the chinks by Colter, who was congratulating himself on his escape, until the idea arose that they might set the raft on fire. In horrible suspense he remained until night, when hearing no more of the Indians, he dived from under the raft, and swam silently down the river to a considerable distance, when he landed, and travelled all night. Although happy in having escaped from the Indians, his situation was still dreadful: he was completely naked under a burning sun: the soles of his feet were entirely filled with the thorns of the prickly pear; he was hungry, and had no means of killing game, although he saw abundance round him, and was at least seven days journey from Lisa's Fort, on the Bighorn branch of the Roche Jaune river. These are circumstances under which almost any man but an American hunter would have despaired. He arrived at the fort in seven days, having subsisted on a root much esteemed by the Indians of the Missouri, now known by naturalists as *Psoralea esculenta.*

Summary, from late English Papers.

The French Government, in consequence of the scarcity and high price of brandy, has permitted the importation of rum for the supply of the allied troops in France.—The next portion of these troops, expected to be withdrawn is that furnished by England.

The Prince Regent has lately ordered a pension of 10s. 6d. per week to Phoebe Hassal, born in 1715, at Shoraham, and who now vends fruit and gingerbread at Brighton. In early life, a love affair induced her to disguise herself and enlist in the army; she served at Bunker's Hill, siege of Gibraltar, &c. and has been several times wounded—her sex was not discovered till she was striped for the halberts, to undergo punishment for a misdemeanor.

It is stated that the Feudal System, which was supposed to have been exploded in all civilized countries, still reigns at Mecklenburg.

The 12th regiment has arrived in England, from India, where it has been 21 years. Two officers and 30 privates only have returned home, of the original number that left England.

A man convicted of an atrocious murder in France, has been sentenced to have both his hands cut off—and to be executed after he is cured of the wounds.

The number of Jews in the world has been estimated at 6,598,000; two thirds of whom are in the Mahommedan states.

The minister of war in Holland has resigned in consequence of a warm dispute with the Prince of Orange.

The King refused to receive the resignation of the minister of war, Count Goltz, but defended his conduct; upon which the prince threw up all his military commissions, and appeared afterwards at the theatre in a citizen's dress, and was received with great applause. Some accuse the Prince of being ambitious and irritable. It is said he put aside his mourning for the princess Charlotte, immediately after the church service was over, and the next evening attended a ball. The Princess refused him for a husband.

In Italy, a decree has been issued forbidding the citizens to wear mustachios, or hair on the upper lip.

The Paris Moniteur informs us of the appearance of four ferocious animals, (commonly called Lynxes) in La Notre de la Rose—three of them were successively killed by the farmers. One of them about the size of a large dog, after doing some mischief, found his conqueror in a peasant of extraordinary strength, made like a Hercules, and in the bloom of life. This man, who was unarmed grappled with him, body to body, and after a sanguinary and obstinate struggle, which lasted three quarters of an hour, succeeded in throwing him to the ground, but still would not have conquered him but for his address and promptitude. The furious animal had devoured the hat of his adversary; a large buckle, attached to the hat, stuck between his teeth, the man availed himself of this circumstance, and having courageously thrust his hand, armed with a stone, into his mouth, as deep as possible, left the stone there, and in spite of the numerous bites he received, did not let go his hold until he tore out the tongue of the animal, then flung him to the ground, and saw him expire in dreadful convulsions. This trait of intrepidity has excited the admiration of the whole country.

A German Journal mentions, that two inhabitants of Frankfort have just seen the celebration of the secular festival of the reformation for the second time. The one is a Jew 108 years old, the other a woman nearly 110, who recollects perfectly having seen the last celebration at the Church of St. Peter, with her mother.

Extraordinary Accident—The following extraordinary accident occurred about 5 o'clock on the morning of Friday se'night, in Carmaerthen: As a drove of oxen were passing through Spilman street, one of them strayed to the Castle Green, whence in his headlong course he fell over the precipice facing the bridge, upon a house, of which the inhabitants were asleep in bed. It will naturally be supposed that the terror and alarm excited on the occasion were great. Fortunately, however, part of the roof fell in, while the ox was balancing athwart a beam, exactly over a bed, in which were two children, fast asleep, and who were awakened by a rafter falling upon the bed. Notwithstanding all the alarm and bustle created by this occurrence, we are happy to add no personal injury was sustained on the occasion, what is equally remarkable, the ox does not appear to have suffered materially from his extraordinary descent.

Domestic

GEORGIA TROOPS.

On the 27th ult. the detachment of militia under the command of Gen. Glascock crossed Ocmulgee river near Hartford, and immediately commenced their march for Cheehaw village, [on the west side of Flint river, about 95 miles from Hartford] where Gen. Gaines is expected soon to join them with the troops lately detached from General Hopkins' brigade, and the late requisition of cavalry. Cheehaw village is friendly, and it is said can furnish two hundred and fifty warriors. Two pieces of artillery 6 pounders, under the command of Capt. Melvin, accompany the detachment. Supplies are said to be scarce, having only rations enough for ten or twelve days. The contractor has failed at length absolutely, and Lieut. Kieser, of the United States army has been appointed by Gen. Gaines, agent for the general government. His funds are supposed to be limited. A letter from a gentleman in the army says "that general Glascock has been very anxious and active to hasten the movement of the army.—Our baggage is very extensive—upwards of fifty waggons, thirteen of which are loaded for the troops at Fort Scott, and those of this detachment with ammunition enti ely. In crossing the waggons over the river, one very heavy loaded sunk. The current was deep and swift, and the banks very steep. It was dangerous & difficult to save; nothing however was lost, though its contents injured. In this affair Maj. W. of Baldwin, really distinguished himself"

Milled. Reflector, Jan. 6.

New-York January 14.

THE U. S. MAIL COACH, WITH A GUARD

By an advertisement in the Philadelphia papers, we peceive that hereafter: the U. S. mail coaches, that run between this city and Philadelphia, are to be provided with a guard, well armed, who will ride on the box with the driver; so that it will not only afford security to the mail, but also to the passengers. The way-mail is put in separate bags, after the European style, and is so arranged as not to detain the coach more than three minutes at each post office on the road. This is as it should be.

Evening Post

Fire at Northampton.—The Boston Daily Advertiser, of the 17th inst. announces that "a fire broke out, at about 1 o'clock on Thursday morning last at Northampton, in a large three story brick building, called the town-House, which, with all its contents, was entirely consumed. The building belonged to the Hampshire Bank, and contained a large hall, occupied by the town, for the purpose of holding town meetings, and a number of other apartments, occupied as offices and stores. Among these were the Post-Office and the offices of the Hon. Eli P. Ashmun, and Lewis Strong Esq. the store of Messrs. Windsor, Smith and Son, and the fancy goods store of Miss Williams. The fire caught in Miss William's store, from which nothing was saved. A few articles only were saved from the store of Messrs. Smith and Son. The libraries of Messrs. Ashmun and Strong, together with all their office books and papers, were consumed. The very valuable library of Gov. Strong was in the offices of his son, and was also wholly destroyed. From the Post-Office nothing was saved. Happily the Albany and Boston mails had been taken from the office the evening before."

Law Intelligence.—At the term of the Supreme court now sitting at Albany, the great case of Griswold vs. Waddington, was determined in favor of the latter. It was the unanimous opinion of the court, that a state of war between two countries, dissolves all partnerships previously subsisting between individuals belonging respectively to each. This is a leading case, and involves property to the amount of more than a hundred thousand dollars.

Trade of Boston.

Mr. Tophft, of Merchants' Hall, has given an abstract of the arrivals and clearances at the port of Boston in the past year. The whole number arrived from foreign ports are stated at 775, including 182 ships and barques, 356 brigs, 203 schrs. and 24 sloops. The whole number cleared for foreign ports 685, including 116 ships and barques, 304 brigs, 242 schrs. and 23 sloops. Arrivals coastwise, 1649; clearances coastwise, 1994. In addition to these, the arrivals and departures of coasting vessels sailing under licences, which do not enter or clear at the custom house, and which are not recorded on the books of Mr. Hall, are estimated at 2000. Making a grand total of 7103 vessels which have arrived and sailed in a year; which is believed to be a greater number than any other port in the United States can boast of.

CHAIR AND CABINET
Warehouse.

Fourth street, above Wood.—And Second street, near Smithfield.

PITTSBURGH.

Joseph Roseman,

Fancy Chair-maker, Ornamenter, Gilder; &c. AND

ROSEMAN & WRIGHT,

Cabinet Makers.

All articles in their line will be furnished at a short notice, and of such workmanship as shall warrant a continuance of custom.

Draughts of new and Fashionable Furniture will be furnished to those wishing such articles.

References to Messrs. Cromwell & Dobbin—Richard Bowen & Co.—Wm. Robinson, Jr.—C. Latshaw—Allen & Grant—Anshutz, Rham & Co. Commission merchants, Pittsburgh, will be promptly attended to.

January 16, 1818——lawt

*** The Editors of the Louisville Courier, Chilicothe Supporter, St. Louis Emigrant, Nashville Whig, will insert the above in their respective papers to the amount of two dollars and forward their accounts to J. R.

R. Patterson & Lambdin,

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

I HAVE this day taken J. H. LAMBDIN into partnership in my business, which will now be conducted under the title of

R. Patterson & Lambdin.

As I intend retiring from an active concern in the business, it will of course devolve entirely on *J. H. LAMBDIN*, in whom I place the most unlimited confidence, his integrity being established by the test of seven years, during which he has transacted my business. His skill and fidelity are well known in the circle of my customers, and he will as heretofore, pay strict attention to orders.

While I cheerfully and gratefully acknowledge past favours, I feel a reasonable solicitude for a continuance of them in future.

ROBERT PATTERSON.

January 1, 1818——61a

Ormsby and Doane,

HAVE FOR SALE,

Cut Tacks and Sprigs of all sizes,

FROM the Abington Factory, (Massachusetts.)—and being appointed Agents for the sale of those articles, offer them at the manufacturing prices with the addition of carriage and charges.

Orders for Tacks and Sprigs will be received and attended to.

Pttsburgh, November 14, 1817

PITTSBURGH.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 30, 1818.

ENLARGEMENT.

We have contemplated publishing the Gazette up on paper of *super royal* size, with type entirely new, on an improved press, and, as heretofore, twice a week, if the plan should meet the approbation of the generality of our patrons. This would require the subscription price to be encreased from three to *four* dollars per annum, and that to be in all cases paid in advance.—The habits of the people and the circumstances of the times make it impossible to conduct a paper here, even with a large establishment, unless we determine to set out with a rigid adherence to this rule. With regard to the proposed enlargement, we shall give our subscribers time to consider and communicate their opinions upon the measure. If, before the first of June next, we find a sufficient number in favour of the plan, we shall then commence publishing a paper of the size and upon the terms which we have mentioned; at all events the above regulation in regard to payment must be adopted.

Our advertising custom, though necessary for our support, is already too great for our limits; and is daily encroaching upon that portion of our paper which we would wish to devote to useful and interesting matter. Pieces of any considerable length, though generally the most valuable, are excluded of course; and presently, with a paper of this size, we would be compelled to give only the most slight notices of the most important affairs. In a paper of super royal size, we could give at least twice as much general matter as we insert in this. We believe that the generality of our subscribers are too well aware of the incalculable value of their newspapers, as the common medium for the communication of universal knowledge, and the *sine qua non* of every politician and man of business for them to disapprove the plan and the improvement we have suggested.

ANOTHER SKIRMISH WITH THE INDIANS.

Savannah, Jan. 12.—An express reached Darien on Wednesday last from major-general Gaines to major Nix, the officer commanding at Darien, dated at the mouth of the Oconee river, 5th January, 1818, stating that he (general Gaines) had just received an express from colonel Arbuckle informing him that Major Mulenburg, who was ascending the Flint river with three vessels, having on board a detachment of United States troops, provisions, &c. was attacked forty miles below fort Scott by *twelve hundred* Indians & negroes, from both sides of the river, on the 16th ultimo. When the express left, which was on the 18th, the firing from both parties continued; at which time major Mulenburgh had three men killed and thirteen wounded; but there was not the least apprehension of any of the vessels being taken that were under his command. The troops so defended themselves in the vessels, from the enemy that they were perfectly safe. No man was killed or wounded only when in the act of stopping or casting anchor. Captain M'Intosh, who commanded a post 12 miles from fort Scott, with 40 men was attacked on the 15th ultimo, by between 2 and 300 Indians—Capt. M. defeated them without losing a single man, and has since been relieved. There had also been a skirmish between the friendly and hostile savages, in which the chief of the former was killed, in consequence of which a number of the party under his command deserted and joined the hostile Indians. The drafted troops from this division were assembling at Darien every day, and it was understood that they would march immediately for Hartford. General Glascock at the head of 600 men from this state left Hartford for the Indian nation on the 27th ultimo, in good order and high spirits. We understand the troops that were drafted from this city will take up their line of march on Wednesday next for Darien.

GEN. MINA AGAIN. Capt. Gants, arrived here last evening, in the schooner Elizabeth, 28 days from Campeachy, states that a few days before sailing, advices were received there of Gen Mina's having been EXECUTED in the neighborhood of Mexico, on account of which, the town was brilliantly illuminated. Capt. G. further states, that it was asserted and fully credited that the followers of MINA were either dispersed or annihilated; of course the cause of the Patriots in Mexico must be in a most forlorn state. *Balt. Pat.*

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

The following resolution was introduced in the House of Representatives of this State on the 13th inst.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to enquire into the expediency of abolishing imprisonment for debt, where no presumption of fraud exists; and that the committee have leave to report by bill or otherwise.

Lorenzo Dow, the famous itinerant preacher, has been refused to preach in the methodist chapel at Richmond, and is denounced by the Rev. Henry Hardy, minister thereof, for his clownish manners, and in consequence of his heterodox and schismatick proceedings, and his reflections against the methodist church, in a late publication.

Gov. Bibb, (says a New-Orleans paper) arrived at St. Stephens on the 12th ult. and immediately commenced the organization of the government of the Alabama Teritory—Arrangements were making to establish a mail rout through the principal settlements between the Tombigby and Alabama.

The Mobile Gazette of the 13th ult. notices a plot, in the Tensa settlements to sieze on Pensacola, with a view of plundering the ware houses of Forbes & Co.

Speaking of the new French settlement on the Mobile, the London Traveller remarks—"This is one of the most extraordinary speculations ever known even in America, fertile as it is in spirited adventures. It cannot fail that such a colony, planted in such a situation, must produce singular advantages to the American States, as well as to the settlers themselves.

Washington January 21.

General Harrison introduced on the 21st inst the following resolution;

"*Resolved*, That a committee be appointed jointly with such committee as may be appointed on the part of the Senate, to consider and report what measures it may be proper to adopt, to manifest the public respect for the memory of General *Thaddeus Kosciusco*, formerly an officer in the service of the United States, and the uniform and distinguished friend of liberty and the rights of man"---and remarked handsomely on the services which that gallant and noble Polander, *Kosciusco*, had rendered to our republic. On motion however of Mr. *Forsyth* of Georgia it was ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Mercer on Monday last, in his remarks on motion of Mr. Lowndes to take away the $35,000 appropriated for brevet rank—alluding to the law which said an officer should be entitled to brevet rank who had served ten years, paid the following compliment to General Porter—he said "he knew personally a man that this would affect, a man to whom he was indebted for what little he knew of military service, he meant General Porter, who had entered the army during the revolution as a sergeant, and who had fought his way to the high rank which he held, and who if any man was entitled to the name of *Aristides*, it was him—he verily believed that while in command at Norfolk, he saved to this country, more than *ten times the sum*, about which we are now debating."

Deaths at Greenwich, Eng.—Capt. NATHANIEL PORTLOCK, of the British Navy; and at Cronstadt, Capt STEPHEN SCOTT, of the Russian Navy, both natives of Norfolk, Virginia; the former was an officer with Capt. Cook, at the time he was cut off by the savages; the latter was Knighted by the empress Catharine for his gallantry in an action with the Swedes.

New-York, January 18.

From Curracoa.—We learn from captain Wooftan, of the schr. Major Croghan, from Gurracoa, that the patriot forces on the other side of the river Oronoko were of considerable strength. Both the royal and patriot forces had remained in a state of inactivity for some time past, but it was soon expected that the patriots would make an attack on Carraccas and Laguira. The general opinion at Curracoa was, that both places would fall into their hands, as they would be but poorly defended.

LONDON Nov. 11.

The Parisians, who have been accustomed to triumph over us as inhabitants of a cold and foggy climate, might, according to their own account, envy us our weather of last week;—"For the last two days Paris has been covered with a fog, which has become so thick, this night, that a person can scarcely distinguish at ten steps beyond him. The passage of carriages having become very difficult, have prudently ceased: the foot passenger returns to his home almost feeling his way. The fear of not finding districts, street or houses, has caused the Theatres to be deserted at an early hour. Darkness and thieves were dreaded. The Police redoubles its watchfulness, and already before the usual hour, detachments of the gen-d'armes and national guards patrol the city."

Gazette de France.

FOREIGN MILITARY COSTUME.

The Elector of Hesse Cassel has issued an Edict, ordaining that from and after the 22d Nov. all the troops of his electorate shall wear queues fifteen inches long! The Sergeants are to carry the measure of the queue, as a string to their canes---for the good of the service. The elector should have fortified this order by prohibiting at the same time all of his subjects, not military, from wearing queues at all, or at least any thing exceeding the dignity of a pig or boo tail.

The Army would then have its *pendant* exclusively, like the Navy.

WOLVES IN FRANCE.

Lt. General Count de Girardin, Capt. of the Kings chase, has given a statement of wolves killed in the 86 departments of the kingdom, from the 1st Jan. 1816, to the 1st July 1817, in which are designated those of the lieuts. of the wolf hunting who make it their principal occupation for their destruction; the result was, that 1894 male, and 522 female wolves, total, 2,416, were killed.

ROYAL ACADEMY.

The exhibition of Mr. President *West's* Picture of *Death on the Pale Horse*, has commenced at his Gallery in Pall-Mall. This Picture has been long expected by the public, and we venture to anticipate for it—that which rarely occurs after the mind has been nearly tired out with long expectancy—the most complete and unqualified approbation. As TITIAN descended in the vale of years, his perceptive powers yielded to the wreck of nature, and the spell of his colouring was gone; but our venerable President has now crowned his 80th year with the composition and execution of a work, which will do lasting honour to his name and country. The picture of *Death on the Pale Horse* is in size 27 feet by 16. The subject, our readers must be aware, is taken from the opening of the *first five seals* in the 6th chapter of the *Revelations*. It is, we believe more than twenty years since Mr. *West* made a sketch from this subject. This sketch was at the time very generally admired, and the object of many commendations from David, and the other French Artists in Paris, where it was exhibited in the year 1802. If our recollection of that sketch be correct, the picture before us differs very materially from it in composition; at least the Artist, in his more mature conception has extended his view of the subject considerably, and embraced more of the *seals* than he originally intended, and also varied the character of some of his figures; we merely say this from a loose recollection of the sketch in Mr. West's private gallery, and for the purpose of complimenting the Arist on his second view of the subject, which is by far the more suitable one.

Rose, the immensely rich private and confidential secretary of Louis XIV had married his daughter to W. Portal, president of the Parliament. The husband was constantly complaining to him of the temper and disposition of his daughter. At last, Rose said, you are right, she is an impertinent jade, and if I hear more complaints of her, I will *disinherit* her. The husband felt no more desire to make any more complaints of his wife.

From the Baltimore Federal Gazette

A NEW SONG—To an old Tune.

John Anderson, my Jo John, how could ye be sae rash,
As to try to BUY a Congressman, and not provide the cash?
Why offer sum sae small, John? your price was quite too low,
Bid higher and wi' cash neist time, John Anderson, my jo!

John Anderson, my jo John, ye now maun understand,
When neist ye deal wi' men o' law, ye tak' nae pen in hand.
Those wha mak' mickle promises, like Congressmen, I trow,
Think, they wha promise gie nae goud, John Anderson, my jo.

John Anderson, my jo John, 'tho' Congress make a rout;
Debate, resolve, interrogate—they'll let ye safely out.
The crime o' tend'ring fees, John, will meet sic fate ye'll know,
As tend'ring lasses proofs o' love—John Anderson my jo.

DIED.—Yesterday morning, Mrs. HETTY BOWEN, wife of Richard Bowen, Esq. aged 89. The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral this morning, at eleven o'clock.

FOR SALE BY
M'Dermott & Bartram,

In Market, between Second and Third streets
PITTSBURGH.

150 bblls. prime green Coffee
100 bags ditto ditto
5 Hhds. do do
110 small boxes Young Hyson Tea
10 quarter boxes ditto
20 small boxes Imperial ditto
15 ditto Hyson ditto
5 qr. chests Hyson Skin ditto
60 bbls Muscovado Sugar
15 bbls. Sugar house Molasses
12 bbls West India do
20 kegs English Mustard
15 kegs Ginger,
20 boxes Spermaceti Candles
15 boxes wax ditto
30 boxes Muscatel & Bloom Raisins
10 boxes Pruens
5 bbls soft shell'd Almonds
2 half pipes Madeira Wine
30 quarter casks Teneriffe ditto
20 ditto Sherry ditto
15 qr. casks old Port Wine
600 groce velvet Corks
20 bbls 4th proof Jamaica Spirits,
10 bbls Cogniac Brandy
15 bbls Holland Gin.
1 cask first quality Lime Juice
15 bbls Madder.
10 bbls Camwood,
5 tons Campeachy Logwood
3 tons Fustic
4 tons Nicaragua Wood
10 bbls Alium
15 bbls Glue
20 bbls Rosin
20 kegs English refined Salt-Petre
10 boxes Brimstone
10 bbls white Chalk
5 bbls red ditto
10 bbls foreign Copperas
5 bbls Glauber Salts
10 Groce Ink powder
60 bbls Junip. Berries
10 doz. Shovels and Spades
700 wt. Codfish
20 bbls white Lake Fish
Pepper & Allspice
Nutmegs
Bengal and Spanish Indigo

10,000 lbs. Loaf & Lump Sugar.

20,000 SPANISH SEGARS
in whole, half and quarter boxes
Purviances' Genuine Rough and Glazed POWDER.

Juniata Bar & Roll'd Iron,

Pittsburgh and Kentucky Tobacco.

All which will be sold on low and accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, January 30, 1818——3m2aw

Barker & Davis,

REQUEST all those indebted to them by either Bond Note or Book account, to call and settle their respective ballances on or before the first day of March next, as no longer indulgence can be given.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 30, 1818.——4t1aw.

PITTSBURGH MUSICAL SOCIETY.

THOSE persons who had agreed to assist in establishing this society, are hereby notified to attend THIS EVENING, at the house of Wm. Evens, in Irwin street, for the purpose of electing officers for the institution, and transacting such other preliminary business as may be there proposed to them. Hour of meeting, 7 o'clock.

By order,
J. C. GILLILAND, Secy. pro tem.

Pittsburgh, Jan 30, 1818.

TO LET,

AND possession given the first of April next, a Brick House and kitchen, on Water-street near Grahams ferry, occupied by Mr. John Town, copper and tin smith, also a back building and large shop on Front-street, calculated for Mechanicks, or a store-house, to be let together or seperate.—Enquire of

John Miller,

Pittsburgh, January 30.

Notice.

IF Mr. WRIGHT SMITH will call at the warehouse of the sucscribers he will hear something that he may deem advantageous to him.

IRWIN & HENRY WALLACE.

Pittsburgh January 30, 1818.——3

Wanted to Purchase,

500 bbls. Flour
500 do. Whiskey

For Sale,

52 barrels Lump Sugar aud Coffee,
40 bales Cotton,
200 kegs Kentucky Tobacco.

Enquire of
WM. ROBINSON, Jr.

Pittsburgh, January 30, 1818——2atf

I. DOANE,

ON THE BANK,
OFFERS FOR SALE,

6000 lbs. Coffee, 1 & 2 quality,
20 barrels Muscovado Sugar,
Together with a general assortment of
Groceries & Liquors,
—LIKEWISE—
Shad and Herring in barrels,
Scotch Herrings in boxes, smoaked,
Tanner's Oil,
A large assortment of
Ironmongery, Hardware, and
CUTLERY,

Among which are *SAWS* of every description, *VICES & ANVILS—STEEL* of every kind—*COAL SHOVELS* No. 4, *SHOVELS* and *SPADES*, &c,

Pittsburgh, January 30, 1818——tf

Was Found

LAST week, in Liberty street, a bundle containing a few yards of Silk, and some other articles The owner, by applying to David Evans corner of Liberty and Fourth streets, and defraying the expence of advertising, will be put in possession of the Goods.

Pittsburgh, January 30, 1818.——3

Seasonable Goods.

JOHN M'CLEAN & CO.

[Market, between Third & Fourth streets.]

HAVE FOR SALE AT THEIR STORE, A VERY EXTENSIVE & EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS, &c.

partly consisting of the following: viz.

Shepherd's & Austin's Super. Cloths and Cassimeres,
French & English do. do
Pelisse Cloth,
Velveteens and Cords,
Stockinett,
Swansdown,
Rose, point, and Duffil Blankets,
Ticking and Checks,
Chintz Furniture calicoes
Domestic Plaids & Muslins.
India muslins,
Rattinetts & Bombazetts
Cambric, Lawn, and Irish Linen,
8-4, & 9-4 Diaper Damask,
Cotton Damask Table cloths,
Furniture and Cambric Dimity,
Turkey red Yarn,
MARSEILLES QUILTS
AND
COUNTERPANES,
Russia and Irish Diaper.
Thread, cotton, and silk laces,
Silk, worsted and cotton Hose,
Merino shawls & Hkfs.
Merino and plush trimming,
White Ermine,
Misses and Children's Beavers.
Reticule clasps,
Canton Crapes,
Levantine and Florence Silks,
India silks and plaids,
Ostrich Feathers,

SILK AND COTTON UMBRELLAS, AND PARASOLS,

Ladies coloured and Black kid and Morrocco SHOES.
Gentlemen's Patent peg'd Boots and Shoes.
A good assortment of Tea Trays

Ingrain and Venetian Carpeting,

SUPERFINE

Wilton Hearth Rugs,

Sugar and Coffee,
Gunpowder and Young Hyson Teas,
10 Kegs Scotch Herring,
20 KEGS KENTUCKY TOBACCO,

Crude & Refined Salt-petre,

By the quantity,
15 boxes bloom and Muscatel Raisins,
Room Paper and bordering,
Looking-Glasses of all sizes

Madeira, L. P. Tenneriffe, Port. } WINES, best qnality,
Jamaica Rum & Holland Gin,

—ALSO—

A few Crates well assorted

Queens-ware,

at a small advance

The above Goods being selected by their partners Messrs. *John & Isaac Lea* of *Philadelphia* enables them to dispose of them on the *best* terms for CASH, *approved notes*, or *country produce only*.

Wholesale Merchants will find it to their advantage to call

Pittsburgh, December 30, 1817 ——2awtf

Valuable Real estate for sale.

PURSUANT to the last Will and Testament of the late Col. RICHARD BROWN, deceased I NOW OFFER FOR SALE,

The Farm on which he resided,

On the Ohio River, in Holliday's Cove, in Brook County, Virginia.

This Estate consists of about 700 Acres of Land, 250 of which is a rich Island, the remainder principally second bottom and upland; that part of the upland which is not tillable, is covered with timber suitable for furnishing the Island and tillable part with fencing and building timber. There is between 150 and 200 acres cleared and under cultivation, a suitable proportion of which in good meadow land. The buildings consist in two log dwelling houses and a log barn with under story of stone. It is well supplied with very fine p[illegible] water.

The situation of this property on the Ohio River five miles from the flourishing Town of Steubenville, and in the neighbourhood of several Merchant Mills, Iron Works, &c. renders it a desirable object to a person who would wish to farm extensively, as he would probably at all times find a good market at his door for the produce of his farm. A part of the purchase will be required in hand, and for the remainder a reasonable credit will be given.

BEZ. WELLS, *Executor.*

Steubenville, 5th July, 1816.

FOR SALE

BY

Armstrong & Ewing,

AT THEIR

WHOLESALE GROCERY STORE,

Wood street, between First and Second.

Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson & Hyson Skin } Teas of the first quality & latest importations.
First & Second quality Green Coffee,
Loaf, lump, and brown Sugar.
Chocolate,
Spanish Indigo.
Madder, Copperas, Allum,
Race & ground Ginger,
Pepper, Alspice.
Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon.
Box Raisins, best muscatel.

Keg do. Brimstone
Spanish Cigars,
Kentucky Tobacco.
Figs in Drums.
Best Sallad Oil.
Fresh Lemons.
Soft shel'd Almonds.
Mustard, Starch,
Sugar Candy, Rice, &

L. p. Madeira, do. Teneriffe, Sherry, & Port } Wines of first quality.

Cog. Brandy, 4th proof.
Jamaica Spirits, do.
Holland Gin,
Whiskey.

With a general assortment of articles in the above line, which will be disposed of on the lowest terms for cash or approved acceptances.

New Wholesale Store.

FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA,

M. S. MASON,

Has taken the Store, corner of Market and Water streets, and has just received part of his supply of

DRY GOODS,

Consisting of

SUPERFINE, MIDDLING, AND COARSE CLOTHS,

Woolen Cords, and Cassimeres,
Velveteens and Cords,
Men's and boy's plain and rib'd worsted Hose,
Women's black worsted . . . . . ditto,
Children's Lambs-wool Socks,
Men's white and Marble cotton Hose,
Women's and Girl's white and lead ditto,
Men's marble half Hose, &c. &c.

Which he will dispose of by the PIECE or PACKAGE on reasonable terms, for

CASH, OR APPROVED ACCEPTANCES,

M. S. M. Begs the attention of Town and Country dealers, as his Goods are principally of his own importing, and can sell them *at prices*, that will ensure him future orders.

Pittsburgh, January 19, 1818.

50,000 Dollars.

GRAND STATE LOTTERY,

SPLENDID SCHEME.

100 PRIZES	of $1,000 is		100,000
1	ditto	50,000	50,000
1	ditto	20,000	20000
1	ditto	10,000	10000
3	ditto	5,000	15,000
30	ditto	500	15,000
100	ditto	100	10,000
5000	ditto	25	125,000
5236 Prizes, 9764 Blanks.			$345,000

Only 15,000 Tickets.

TO BE DRAWN IN MARCH NEXT

PRIZES

PAYABLE IN CASH AT THE

Bank of the United States.

The lowest prizes are 25 Dollars—the highest prize,

$50,000

And 100 prizes of 1,000 Dollars, equal to 100,000 Dollars.

LESS THAN TWO BLANKS TO A PRIZE.

Owing to the extreme brilliancy of the Scheme and the great demand for tickets, the price has already advanced to $26, and will continue to advance rapidly.—On Monday the 26th inst they will raise to $28, and on Tuesday the 10th of February, to $30.

Whole Tickets	$26, 00	Quarters	$6, 50
Halves	13, 00	Eighths	3 25

FOR SALE AT

J. TOWNE'S

Lottery and Exchange Office,

Corner of Third and Wood streets,

PITTSBURGH.

Prize Tickets in all the Lotteries received in payment.

Orders (post paid) enclosing the Cash, from any part of the Western country promptly attended to, and all Lottery information given gratis.

BALTIMORE

Medical College Lottery,

Third Class.

GRAND SCHEME.

	PRIZE of $30,000	is	30,000 DOLLARS
1	20,000		20,000
2	10,000		20,000
3	5,000		15,000
10	1,000		10,000
15	500		7,500
100	100		10,000
200	50		10,000
625	20		12,500
7500	12		90,000
8457 Prizes, 16543 Blanks,			225,000 DOLLARS.

NOT TWO BLANKS TO A PRIZE.

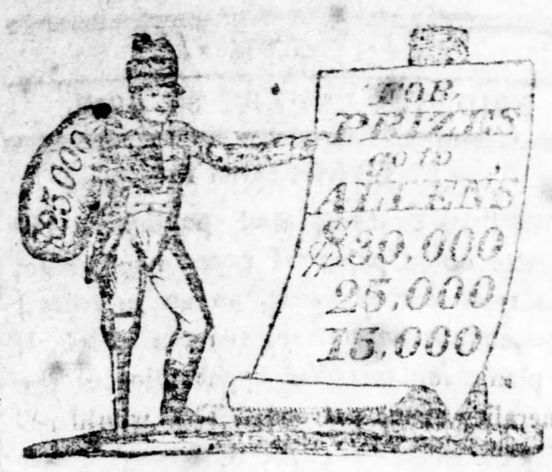
Whole Tickets	$10,	Quarters	$2, 50
Halves	5	Eighths	1, 25

Orders for Tickets in the above Scheme, received at

J. TOWNE'S

Lottery and Exchange Office, corner of Third and Wood streets, Pittsburgh.

January 20th 1818——2atf



Apply Without Delay

AT ALLEN'S LUCKY LOTTERY OFFICE, No. 1, Diamond Row, Pittsburgh, where Tickets in the Fifth class of the

Internal Navigation Lottery,

may be had for 26 dollars, until Tuesday next, after which the price will be enhanced to $28, and on the 10th of February to $30:—they have been selling at $28 in Philadelphia for more than a week past.

Owing to the unexampled rapid sale of the tickets, the manager has fixed on the 2d day of March next for commencing the drawing, and will positively continue the drawing three times each week until completed. There will be thirty days drawing only—and one hundred prizes of 1000 Dollars each, averaging upwards of three 1000 dollar prizes on every day of drawing!!! Besides the splendid prizes of 50,000, 20,000 10,000 &c. &c.

January 23, 1818.

HATTERS FUR.

G. T. Beyer & Co.

Wood, Between Third and Fourth streets

Have just received an invoice of *HATTERS' FUR,*

Among which are the following—

Grey carroted and best Grey, raw Coney wool,
Ditto Black, Blue and White best Russia Hare's Fur.

Which they offer for sale, either for cash or approved country paper, on the most liberal terms.

Pittsbg Augst 29, 1817

ARUNDEL HILL,

Clock and Watch-maker,

INFORMS the public, that he has taken the old stand, next door to the Post office, where he will at all times be found ready to execute any thing in his line, with the utmost despatch.

A. H. likewise cuts Bookbinders finishing tools generally, and will undertake to execute all kinds of fine work in metal. Seals for institutions with any device, done in the neatest manner.

Pittsburgh, January 23, 1818.——1atf

WM. EICHBAUM, JR.

(Second, between Market & Wood sts)

HAS JUST RECEIVED AN ADDITIONAL SUPPLY OF

BOOKS,

Among which are the following,

FRANCE, by Lady Morgan—Federalist, by Hamilton—Jay and Madison, handsome edition—Adelaide, a novel by a lady of Philadelphia—Gentlemen's pocket Almanack's for 1818—Tales of my Landlord—Burn's Poems—Hutton's Mathematicks—Johnston and Walker's Dictionary, large and small—Thomas's Practice—Family and Pocket Bible—Surveyors cases of instruments—Instructions for the Flute and Violin, besides a variety of

SCHOOL BOOKS,

in English, Latin, Greek, French and German,

::::::ALSO::::::

Stationary Articles.

W. E. continues to manufacture

BLANK BOOKS.

of every description, to any pattern, and of the best materials.

Orders for any thing in his line promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh, January 13, 1818 ——1atf

MILLER & WILSON

AT THEIR STORE, IN WOOD, BETWEEN FRONT AND WATER STREETS,

HAVE FOR SALE,

UNIATA BAR IRON,
Rolled ditto,
Nail and Deck Rods,
Crowley & Blister Steel,
Sprigs, hinges & screws,
Spinning-wheel Irons,
Trace and Log chains,
Patent beams, and Steelyards,
Axes, hoes, shovels and Spades,
Shingling hatchets, and claw-hammers,
Scythes and sickles,
Drawing-knives, & Gridirons,
Ladles, skimmers, and flesh-forks,
Carpenter's adz',
Plough Irons,
Cow-bells,

CASTINGS, assorted,
Pittsburgh & Kentucky Manufac. Tobacco,
Spanish and country Segars,
Rappee and Scotch Snuff,
Rosin soap, and candles,
Powder, Shot and Lead,
Earthen and Queensware,
Whiskey, Gin, and Cherry-bounce,
Allspice, pepper and nutmegs,
Copperas, rosin, indigo,
Cheese, bacon, and Vension hams,
Mackarel, shad, and Herring,
Bed cords and Plough lines,
Rigging, fishing, chain lines, etc. etc.

Tea, Coffee, Lump and N. O.

SUGAR.

Pittsburgh, January 9, 1818——1atf

ON HAND,

AT THE PITTSBURGH STEAM MILL,

A good stock of

FRESH FLOUR,

By the barrel. Waggoners, Bakers, and Retailers can be supplied low for cash,

Flour by the hundred—Corn meal—Middlings—Shipstuff—Bran Chopt-rye—Cow feed.

January 16, 1818.